

MATH 2600: TEST 04 (100 POINTS)

NAME: _____

DIRECTIONS: Make sure your work is neat and complete and uses the techniques demonstrated in class.

1. Let R be the region in the first quadrant bounded by $y = 4 - x$ and $y = \frac{3}{x}$.

(a) Sketch a detailed graph of R . Make sure you label the intersection points.

(b) Find the area of R .

(c) Set-up integral(s) which would compute the volume of the solid obtained by revolving R about:

DO NOT EVALUATE THE INTEGRALS

i. x -axis

ii. y -axis

iii. the line $x = 4$.

2. Use a definite integral to find the arc length of the graph of $f(x) = \frac{2}{3}x^{3/2} - \frac{1}{2}x^{1/2}$ over the interval $[1, 4]$.

HINT: Yes, the algebra does work out . . .

3. Consider the polar curve: $r = 1 - \sin(\theta)$.

(a) Find and simplify an expression for the arc length differential, ds .

(b) Write an integral which would compute the arc length of this polar curve.

DO NOT EVALUATE THE INTEGRAL

4. Let C be the curve traced out by the parametric equations:

$$\begin{cases} x = 2\cos(t) + 1 \\ y = 2\sin(t) - 3 \end{cases}, \quad 0 \leq t \leq 2\pi$$

(a) Find and simplify the arc length differential, ds .

(b) Find the arc length of C using your answer to part (a).

(c) **BONUS:** Prove that C is a circle and check your answer to part (b) using a formula from geometry.

5. Suppose the work done stretching a spring 1.5 meters from its equilibrium position is 9 J.

(a) Find the spring constant, k . Be sure to include units.

(b) Find the work done stretching the spring **an additional** 1.5 meters.

(c) Why is your answer to (b) greater than 9 J? Shouldn't the answer be the same as what we had when we stretched the spring the original 1.5 m?

6. An above ground circular pool has a diameter of 24 feet with a depth of 4 feet. Assuming the water in the pool is 1 foot deep, use an integral calculate the work done pumping the water to the top of the pool. Develop the integral as we did in class. (Assume the weight-density of water is 62.4 pounds per cubic foot.)

BONUS: Check your answer by doing a center of mass calculation